Mr. G. Paramasivaiya.—Government officers should be prohibited from voting during elections. Some restrictions have been placed on Government servants. They cannot trade, etc. When a Government servant votes for one, it is the custom that the others follow suit.

Mr. Abbas Khan.—*Ex-officio* Municipal Councillors should not vote for the election of President and Vice-President of Municipal Councils.

Second Member of Council.—There are two points in this, *viz.*, (i) in Municipal elections, Government servants should not vote. We cannot prevent this, because they exercise their votes as citizens; (ii) *ex-officio* Government servants should not vote or stand for election. You want them not to be allowed to vote in the elections of President and Vice-President. There are practical difficulties in granting this request. All the same, Government will consider the question.

SUBJECT No. 166.

Deputation of members to District Boards from Municipalities.

Messrs. Gopalaiya, Holalkere Taluk and Phaniyachar, Hosdurga Taluk.

Mr. Gopalaiya.—One member from each taluk head-quarter municipality may be deputed to the District Board as such municipalities have at times to apply either to the District Board or Government for funds whenever they are in need of money for Improvement Works.

Second Member of Council.—The number of members of District Boards is already large. If each municipality were to send members to District Boards, the number will still be larger. The work of Municipalities and that of District Boards is quite different. I do not see the advantage or use of sending a member from Municipalities to District Boards. According to the Municipal Regulation, there is representation on the District Board from head quarter municipalities and municipalities with a population of 7,500 and over.

SUBJECT No. 167.

Appointments of Shanbhogs as Taluk Board Members.

Messrs. K. M. Krishnappa, N. D. Nagappaiya, Hole-Narsipur Taluk and K. Naranappa, Hole-Narsipur Municipality.

Mr. K. M. Krishnappa.—All patels are eligible for being appointed as Taluk Board Members in consideration of their being Patels irrespective of the amount of *kandayam* they pay. Similar concessions may be extended to Shanbhogs.

Second Member of Council.—The matter will be enquired into.

SUBJECT No. 168.

Repairs to Local Fund Roads.

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao, Kadur District Board.

A general policy with regard to the Local Fund roads may be declared by Government as the small allotment for repairs provided by the District Board is

quite inadequate to keep the District Fund roads in a condition fit for motor car traffic. There have been a lot of complaint about the condition of Local Fund roads. The Engineering Department is not working satisfactorily. You say there are some roads not fit for motor traffic. When you want motors to go on certain roads, repair the roads and keep them in good condition or say motors cannot go on those roads.

Second Member of Council.—The suggestions appear to be reasonable and will be considered by Government.

SUBJECT No. 169.

Improving the breeding of cattle.

Messrs. H. Krishna Murti and Marulu Siddappa, Arsikere Taluk and K. T. Seshaiya, Belur Taluk.

Mr. K. T. Seshaiya.—With a view to improve the breeding of cattle, breeding bulls may be located at all hobli head quarters. Breeding bulls are used for economic purposes. But the present condition of breeding bulls is not satisfactory. They should be made more accessible to the people.

Third Member of Council.—The Malnad Improvement Committee is thinking of having itinerant breeding bulls in important taluk head-quarters.

Mr. S. Venkatesiah.—We should first find out what kind of breed will suit the *malnad* climate and then keep only such breed there.

Second Member of Council.—The Live Stock Expert and Dr. Coleman are examining the whole question and as soon as their report is received, Government will do their best in the matter.

SUBJECT No. 170.

Building sites for poor backward communities.

Mr. J. R. Isaac, Indian Christian Association, Bangalore.

I just want to press the urgency of this request. Owing to the high cost of land and high rent of buildings, backward communities including the Indian Christians of Bangalore are unable to procure houses. They are therefore very poorly housed on account of which, diseases are very prevalent among them. During the last Influenza epidemic, there were many deaths, among the poorer classes on account of this. There are many localities in which a number of families are living in one and the same house with considerable inconvenience. I want to press this question on account of their insanitary surroundings. I have collected some statistics of the Christian population in Bangalore. There are about 179 families including London and Wesleyan Congregations with an average of 5 members in each family consisting of 2 adults and 3 children. Fourteen families have one house each, 9 two houses each and 155 no houses. Their average